

THE BROAD AX

Published Every Saturday

In this city since July 15th, 1899, without missing one single issue. Republicans, Democrats, Catholics, Protestants, Single Taxers, Priests, infidels or anyone else can have their say as long as their language is proper and responsibility is fixed.

The Broad Ax is a newspaper whose platform is broad enough for all, ever claiming the editorial right to speak its own mind.

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THE DAY OF RETRIBUTION.

By Dr. M. A. Majors.

The South is in the throes of desecration. The old-time Negro is in his honored grave and peace to his ashes. The custom of intimidation and tyranny practiced for many years reveal to the sober-minded that it, too, is rapidly passing. The Negro of the modern era, who dressed in his country's uniform and marched to war to beat of drum, and stepping to martial music, bearing bravely the color ensigns of a nation's glory, and who bared his breast to the terrors of scorpion in dugouts, trenches, and across No Man's Land, are baptized anew, and become a power to reckon with. War in France is no less tragic, but no different when he must fight without the uniform and the colors and without the sounding brass and the flare of trumpets for the rights of man on his native heath. The ugly force of might in absolute disregard of wrongs heaped upon him and his fellows impels the noble spirit so long repressed to rise in horrifying indignation to meet and match his tyrannical foe with instruments of death in self-defense and to make secure the safety of his life and home. The gauge of battle is being met with death dealing for death dealing.

The spirit of infamy and race hate has long been tolerated as an evil consequence of a condition fraught by the fearful tragedies of a former period of the nation's history when everything for Negroes spelled chaos. But the inglorious days of Southern darddevilry have fabricated whirlwinds of destruction from the very winds in which so ruthlessly were sown the seeds of corruption and discord. The fear that once made our forefathers tremble and run away from, is not to be seen in this glad hour of a race's progress. The New Negro is upon the scene, and he, by his bravery and self-confidence is causing the world to sit up and take notice. He does not scamp and hide when bewitched red necks mar his peace and dignity.

The world views with secret alarm the bull dog tenacity with which the Negro stands his ground and fights back his oppressor.

The day is rapidly approaching when through the earnest spirit so manifest in every part of the country by the colored people to practice the principles of self-preservation, unity of race and to practice the arts of death where peace has failed, the Negro will be given his well won and fought for place in the grand circle of the human races.

The ugly might of Southern criminal aggression will be long be smitten by the National Government. It will and must come. The Negroes will leave the South, the South will need to eat. The hands will leave, and the stomachs will be left unfilled. The South, illogical, unreasonable, and tyrannical, will have to be saved from itself. The violation of law has ever been the horrible orgy of the Southern States. Shooting down Negroes had become a festivity, and red neck murderers basked in official power to oppress the struggling, helpless people for whose freedom the Nation waded in seas of human blood. There was no pity, and conscience had no love or care. Goaded and pressed against the wall stood for decades the helpless, cringing, unfortunate Negro of an infamous dark era of the Nation's life.

They shot us, hung us, burned us, seduced our fair girls, stole our wives, dishonored the only name we have had,



Dr. Ulysses Grant Dailey.

One of the most brilliant and progressive doctors in the middle west, who has resumed the active practice of his chosen profession at his same old stand, 5 East Thirty-sixth Place.

Dr. U. Grant Dailey, Chicago's brilliant young surgeon, after spending four or five weeks' vacation in Northern Michigan, where he devoted much of his time to fishing, has returned home and resumed the active practice of his chosen profession in his same well-appointed offices in the Jesse Binga Bank Building, No. 5, E. 36th Place.

Dr. Dailey, who is looking the very picture of health, has the honor and the great distinction of attending clinics at the great medical colleges of London, England; Paris, France, and Berlin, and in the future he will confine his work to surgery and consultation, for unquestionably he is well equipped for that branch, or, in fact, for all branches of his chosen profession.

In the past, he has successfully burned our homes, killed our aged grandmothers, shot to death the old men, and yet the Negro prayed for the God of deliverance to soften the dread asperities of a merciless condition. But God moves in a mysterious way. Truth is stalwart; it does not die. He turned the other cheek. They smote him until it became a favorite pastime of the hell bent trickster. It seemed that God had forsaken us. It was an awful day.

Write with punishment was the scroll. We cried aloud to an avenging God to strike terror in the camp of our marauders. He planted his footsteps on the sea and four hundred thousands of us answered to the cries and pleadings of a nation across the deep. He rides upon the storm today. In and through it all God is at work wringing us through the crucible of strife to season our blood and preparing us for the hour when we must strike the blow of our racial salvation and deliverance.

The moral is instructive. The lessons learned from our sad school of adversity and oppression will enrich the blood of gallant boys, who deem it an honor to die for their race in a like proportion to die for their country.

Large Massmeeting in the Interest of the George L. Giles Post of the American Legion Held at the Wendell Phillips High School.

Last Sunday afternoon a large massmeeting was held at the Wendell Phillips High School in the interest of the George L. Giles Post, who lost his life on the battlefields of France, of the American Legion and just before the close of the meeting many ex-service men joined the post.

The following was the program of the meeting:
Overture, Composite Military Band; Opening remarks, Mr. Earl B. Dickerson, Chairman, George L. Giles Post; singing, Battle Hymn of the Republic; introductory remarks, Dr. George C. Hall; vocal solo, Mr. Lawrence Lomas; vocal solo, Miss Lella Gary; address, Capt. Archibald Roosevelt, Major John D. Cummings, Capt. Francis, Hon. A. H. Roberts, Col. Robert S. Abbott, R. E. Moore and Julius F. Taylor, were among the other speakers.

Capt. Roosevelt who is plain, simple and very democratic in his manner brought down the house when he declared that "the colored race was at a great loss for true or bold leaders since the deaths of the late Booker T. Washington and his father Col. Theodore Roosevelt."

It is almost needless to state that Capt. Roosevelt who was wounded on

served as one of the instructors of anatomy at the Northwestern University. He has also served as associate professor of surgery at the Chicago Hospital College of Medicine. He is surgeon of Provident Hospital. He has been for years an eminent medical lecturer, teacher and surgical specialist at Tuskegee Institute, Ala., and Meharry Medical College, Nashville, Tenn.

For two years Dr. Dailey was President of the National Medical Association, and he amply proved himself to be one of its best and most energetic chief executives that has so far served in that capacity. He has also been actively interested in the Medical Society in this city, and in every other movement for the advancement of the colored race.

the battlefields of France, who from this time on will make his home in this city, has already wended his way into the hearts of the colored people of Chicago.

Dr. Hall made some home runs when he explained that what the colored people wanted was not equal accommodations on railroads and so on, but the same accommodations and the same civil and political rights in Mississippi and Alabama as they enjoy in Illinois and Ohio, his talk was full of fire and red hot pepper and they caught the large crowd of people present.

INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE IN SESSION AT DETROIT.

Negro In Northern Industry To Be Discussed.

The conference of the National Urban League to be held at Detroit October 19, is in session at the paper goes to press. The committee has succeeded in securing for the program, a varied list of persons of national reputation. L. Hollingsworth Wood, president of the National Urban League; Dean Kelly Miller, of Howard University; John R. Shillady, secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People; William Pickens, Miss Mary McDowell, head resident of the University Settlement; Dr. George C. Hall, Mr. Carl Sandberg, of the Daily News; Mr. Horace Bridges and Mr. William C. Graves, will be among the speakers to appear.

There will also be present, twenty-two executive secretaries of Urban Leagues throughout the country. The discussions for the conference include, Health, Housing, Recreation for the Workers, Community Progress for Industrial Efficiency, How Negro Ministers Can Assist in a Welfare Program, The Migration, Return of Migrants, Miss McDowell will speak on the servant problem. Miss Maria Ward Lambin, director of the city committee on recreation of New York City, who has just completed an investigation of leisure time activities for the community, for the community council and associate alumni of Barnard College, will discuss the subject of "Self-Support and Self-Government in the Recreation of the Worker."

Mayo Tolman, director of health of the New York community council, will tell of New York's plans for health. Miss Nannie Burroughs and Dean William Pickens will address the Wednesday evening meeting on "The Negro and Industrial Opportunity." Dr. George E. Haynes of the Department of Labor, and Miss Eva D. Bowles of the Y. W. C. A., will speak at the

Thursday evening session; the Rev. Dr. W. N. DeBerry of Springfield, Mass.; Dr. James E. Gross, principal of Hampton Institute; W. T. H. Williams of the Jeanes Fund, and T. Arnold Hill, will also be heard.

The Friday evening session will be devoted to the discussion of the organization of Negro workers. The chairman of this session will be Dr. George C. Hall of Chicago, who has been the most active Negro worker in the middle west on behalf of organized labor.

A delegation from Chicago left for the convention Tuesday night. They were T. Arnold Hill, Dr. George C. Hall, William Evans, Charles S. Johnson, John Riley, A. K. Foote, Mrs. Maude Lawrence, Miss Sadie Whitted, Mrs. Irene Gaines, Mr. A. B. Nutt, Mrs. Adah Waters, Miss Marie Burgett and Mrs. Kemp. Later in the week some eight or ten others are to follow.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SITUATION.

Hon. Frank O. Lowden—The Man 1920—The Time.
New—The Hour.

—By Beauford F. Moseley.

All America and the world is looking forward to 1920! Never, since the Civil War, has there been greater need for anxiety. The chaotic condition of the world, reconstruction and readjustment of its affairs, are largely dependent at this time upon what America will do. This fact is borne out by present conditions, wherein the League of Nations, affecting all the world for better or for worse, is waiting for its life or its death upon this, our country. Some say it is a good thing for the world. Others say it is a high sounding phrase to enslave the minority and make subject states of all except England; stripped of its verbiage, it means surrender of national sovereignty to world sovereignty—the surrender of the people to a power not of their making—a thing foreign to every definition of a Republican form of government—a world subjugation to a hydra headed monarch, with England holding the scepter. This being so fundamentally against the ideals and policy of this country, it has created a national debate, bordering upon a national crisis, wherein politics has been obscured and party lines ignored and friends and foes have met and agreed to fight friends and foes alike, according to their attitude either for or against the League.

This has created a strange situation—one that is likely to lead to further complication, for if Democrats and Republicans alike agree or disagree upon the League, the cause of its imposition upon us, disturbing the peace of the country, its costs, its interference with the business of the country and the unrest now besieging labor, will all be lost and the people so bewildered that the cause may not be removed; for be it remembered, nothing has brought about the League and our present troubles but the mistakes of 1912 and 1916, wherein fine, lofty, double-barreled altruistic phrases led the people out of the well beaten path of a Republican form of government into the wilderness of Democratic sophistry and theories, and while thus bewildered, they twice elected the chief theorist on earth to the Presidency of America.

This brought us the League and our present day difficulties. In order to get rid of them, we must return from whence we came—back to the party that gave us Lincoln, Logan and Grant—back to Illinois, where these giants came from, and make another selection of one to lead the nation as they once led it back to a government for the people, of the people and by the people—free from entanglements and alliances with European crown heads. This can be done and will be done if those elected as delegates to the next National Republican Convention will but free themselves from all motives save to serve their country and fellow-men. They will perhaps be unable to agree upon either Senator Borah, Cum-

ings, Johnson, Root, McCormick, Harding, or Lodge, a galaxy of noble sons, for the reason each have been in the fight and have rendered yeoman service of equal importance and value, and to elevate one would perhaps be unfair to the others, and besides the cause, the friends and the enemies each have made in their gallant fight for pure, unadulterated Americanism, would jeopardize their chances at the polls. However, there is no need of turning down all of these men except one of them, when Illinois now offers just as she offered in the '90's, another son in the person of Governor Frank O. Lowden, who is free from any of the animosities borne of present hour struggles, who is loyal, patient and patriotic to the core, and who has given Illinois what the nation needs and must have—a budget system, and who has shown by the appointment of a non-political commission to study and present a plan of race adjustment, that he is the man, and now the hour for all lovers of the good old Americanism of yore, to get behind him and nominate him as the standard bearer of the Republican party in 1920, to the salvation of man and the glory of God.

LEAGUE WILL BE CHRISTENED EVEN IF U. S. DUCKS H2O.

Europe Lays Its Plans and Won't Wait on America.

Washington, D. C.—While no official declaration can be made in advance of the action of the Senate on the treaty of Versailles, it was learned unofficially that plans were being laid for bringing the League of Nations into existence almost immediately upon the publication in Paris of the ratification of the treaty by Great Britain, France, Italy and Germany, which will put it into force.

Although the United States cannot participate in the initial stages of the League's work, it is understood that the decision has been reached to have President Wilson issue a call for the first meeting of the Council of the League within the fifteen day period provided in the treaty for the appointment by the Council of three members of the Commission which is to determine the boundary of the Saar basin.

Must Form Commissions.
No less than fifteen commissions created by the peace treaty appear to require American participation and certain plebiscites confirming title to various disputed territories also are to be conducted under a joint international control.

Plans for the inauguration of the League were discussed by Col. E. M. House in England and he is understood to have pursued the work as far as he felt warranted in advance of the action of the Senate on the treaty. If Col. House's health permits, he is expected in Washington next week and it will then be in order to frame the call for the first meeting of the council of the League.

Senate Action Is Awaited.
In the view of officials here this first meeting of the Council must arrange for the appointment of the various commissions and the plebiscite described in the treaty, but aside from that its proceedings are expected to be rather limited.

Later on, if this initial stage is safely passed, and the Senate shall have consented to the ratification of the treaty, the President will issue a call for the first meeting of the assembly of the League, which will be in Washington some time early next year.

May Wind Up Peace Work.
Under pressure from Washington and with the approval of the American delegation in Paris, the participation of this Government in the proceedings of the Peace Conference in Paris is rapidly nearing an end. Unless there are some untoward developments officials here believe it will be possible for the delegation to wind up its work within a month.



Dr. George C. Hall.

One of the shining lights of Provident Hospital; also of the South Side Department of the Y. M. C. A., who made some home runs while presiding over the meeting at the Wendell Phillips High School Sunday afternoon.



Mrs. Carrie Warner.

Real estate owner, who resides in a lovely home at 3822 Calumet Ave., who has for many years been successfully engaged in business in the downtown district, and she can number her friends by the hundreds among both races in all parts of this city.

With the stand of the American delegation here before it will be possible for nation on the Adriatic questions defined there remain only two subjects requiring final action in which the American delegation is vitally interested, the announcement of the ratification of the German treaty and the completion of the Austro-Hungarian treaty, for these are the only countries with which America actually went to war.

ARRIVALS AT BEAUTIFUL IDLEWILD.

W. H. Marshall, Rock Island, Ill.
H. A. Gibson, Washington, D. C.
Alex Jones and wife, Gary, Ind.
H. Freers and wife, Pittsburgh, Pa.
D. Natt, Chicago.
Emma M. Blount, Birmingham, Ala.
S. C. Hughes, New York, N. Y.
Theo. Eubank, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Tom Lee, Cleveland, O.
Harry Jones, Cleveland, O.
Theo. Tankey, Philadelphia, Pa.
J. L. Edwards and wife, St. Louis, Mo.

French and Thomas, Peoria, Ill.
Chas. Hinton, Boston, Mass.
J. Jackson, Lexington, Ky.
J. F. Bullock, Detroit, Mich.
W. B. Carpenter, Jr., New York, N. Y.
J. J. Johnson and wife, St. Louis, Mo.
M. King, Detroit, Mich.
Jones and Freeman, New York, N.Y.
A. N. Murray, New York, N. Y.
Will Smith, Detroit, Mich.
L. Lindsay and wife, Rock Island, Ill.
Wm. Buckner, Texas.
L. G. Rosh, Chicago.
Theodore H. Moore, Clifton Forge, Va.

M. Payes and wife, Detroit, Mich.
Alfred T. Clarke, Little Rock, Ark.
Ross W. Houston, Shelbyville, Ill.
J. A. Meyers and wife, Nashville, Tenn.
Benj. E. Means and wife, Logansport, Ind.
E. F. Woods and wife, Philadelphia, Pa.
M. Wilson, Rockford, Ill.

IDLEWILD NOTES.

The manager, while at Springfield the other day, ran upon Lawyer Chas. S. Gibbs, who, among other things, said: "Sangamon County is going to back Brundage for Governor and Lowden for President." Mr. Gibbs is a member of the Executive Committee of the Colored Republican League of Illinois. He is also an attorney of some prominence and has the confidence of the people of Springfield more than most men of his race, and many be in this instance a prophet.

Last week Mr. J. Anthony Jesty, editor of the Wisconsin Blade, was a welcome guest at the Idlewild. He said: "I am very much of the opinion that Illinois has a call and that Governor Frank O. Lowden will have to be reckoned with at the next National Convention."

Mr. W. L. Houston, of Washington, D. C., attorney for the Railroad Men's International Benevolent Association, was at the Idlewild last week. He reports this association as being the biggest thing in the country among race enterprises. He also thinks that the east will assist the west in search for a suitable presidential candidate next year. When asked about Governor Lowden's chances, he said that any man who had given the Negro people an opportunity to earn an honest liv-

ing and educate themselves and children, would find favor with fifteen millions of American people in the election of 1920.

Hon. Walter Cohen, the race champion and Republican leader, was a guest at the Idlewild last week and was delighted to know that Illinois, who came to the rescue of the Nation in 1864 would again offer one of her sons as a worthy successor to Lincoln, Logan and Grant in the person of the Hon. Frank O. Lowden, and that the south would hesitate and consider many things before it would line up against Illinois' choice in the next National Convention.

Mrs. & Mrs. Meyers of the Fisk University, of Nashville, Tenn., are guests of the Idlewild. These famous vocal musicians are here for a week's stay and will make happy all of Chicago who hear them, as they are in a class all by themselves when it comes to singing.

Mrs. B. F. Moseley gave a mid-day luncheon to Mrs. E. A. Malone and her friends Monday last. Mrs. Bertha L. Lewis assisted her mother in receiving them.

QUINN CHAPEL A. M. E. CHURCH NOTES.

Dr. H. E. Stewart, the pastor of Quinn, will preach next Sunday on the theme, "What Is a Christian Life and Some Hindrances."

A forty robed choir will sing each Sunday. The hour of services will be changed from 10:45 to 10:35 a. m. and from 8 p. m. to 7:50 p. m.

The last Sunday in October will be known as Church Officer Day. The new officers will be installed at the evening service. Local preachers, stewards, deacons, and Sunday school teachers and officers, with all departments represented. The sermon will be delivered by the pastor.

Miss Kathryn Johnson, who has returned from overseas, will address the citizens of Chicago at Quinn Chapel Tuesday night, October 28. Subject: "A Colored Woman's Fourteen Months in France, with Our Boys in Khaki; How They Won the Hearts of the French People Despite Discrimination."

Also, the story of Paris bombarded by airplane at night and the big Bertha in the day.

Echo meeting the first Sunday in November at 3:30 in the afternoon, from the Quadrennial Convention of Woman's Mite Missionary Society Don't fail to hear them.

Quinn will organize an intermediate society of Allen Leaguers—"C."

PLAN CHICAGO'S PART IN FUND FOR T. R. MEMORIALS.

City workers of the Roosevelt Memorial Association, which will start a campaign for \$5,000,000 during the week of October 20 to 27, for establishing suitable memorials to Theodore Roosevelt, met at the Hotel La Salle to perfect plans for activities in Chicago.

Alexander H. Revell, Harold L. Ickes and John E. Wilder, addressed the workers. As soon as the national sum of \$5,000,000 is raised, \$250,000 will be allotted to Chicago for the erection of a bronze statue of Roosevelt near the Field Museum at the foot of Roosevelt road, it was announced.

A national park will be established at Oyster Bay.