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## **OPPORTUNITY**

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Organ of the

# National Urban League

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17 Madison Avenue New York City



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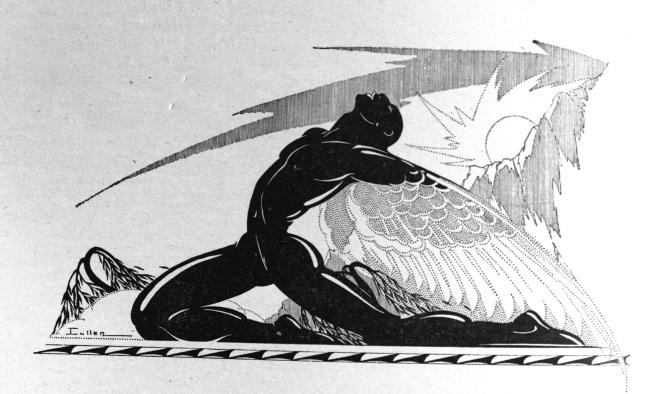
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The child that does not cry, Dies on its mother's back.

-An African Proverb.



A DRAWING, by Charles Cullen

### OUR LITTLE RENAISSANCE

By ALAIN LOCKE



OW that the time has come for some sort of critical appraisal, what of our much - heralded Negro Renaissance? Pathetically pale, thinks Mr. Mencken, like a candle in the sunlight. It has

kindled no great art: we would do well to page a black Luther and call up the Reformation. Fairly successful, considering the fog and soot of the American atmosphere, and still full of promise-so "it seems" to Mr. Heywood Broun. I wonder what Mr. Pater would say. He might be even more sceptical, though with the scepticism of suspended judgment, I should think; but one mistake he would never make-that of confusing the spirit with the vehicle, of confounding the artistic quality which Negro life is contributing with the Negro artist. Negro artists are just the by-products of the Negro Renaissance; its main accomplishment will be to infuse a new essence into the general stream of culture. The Negro Renaissance must be an integral phase of contemporary American art and literature; more and more we must divorce it in our minds from propaganda and politics. Otherwise, why call it a renaissance? We are back-sliding, I think, into the old swamp of the Negro problem to be discussing, as we have been of late, how many Negro artists are first-rate or second-rate, and how many feet of the book-shelf of leather-bound classics their works to date should occupy. According to that Hoyle, the Grand Renaissance should have stopped at the Alps and ought to have effected the unification of Italy instead of the revival of Humanism.

To claim the material that Negro life and idiom have contributed to American art through the medium of the white artist may seem at first unfair and ungracious; may even be open to the imputation of trying to bolster up with reenforcements a "wavering thin line of talent." But what is the issue sociology or art-a quality of spirit or complexions? The artists in question themselves are gracious enough, both in making their acknowledgements to the folk spirit, and in asserting the indivisible unity of the subject-matter. Only recently, confirming her adoption of Negro material as her special field, Mrs. Peterkin has said: "I shall never write of white people; to me their lives are not so colorful. If the South is going to write, what is it they are going to write about-the Negro, of course." Still more recently, the distinguished author of Porgy applauds shifting the stress from the Negro writer to the "Negro race as a subject for art" and approves of "lifting the material to the plane of pure art" and of making it available to the American artist, white or Negro, "as native subject-matter." And if there is any meaning to the term universal which we so blithely and tritely use in connection with art, it must be this. There is no other alternative on the plane of art. Indeed, if conditions in the South were more conducive to the development of Negro culture without transplanting, the self-expression of the "New Negro" would spring up just as one branch of the new literature of the South, and as one additional phase of its cultural reawaken-The common bond of soil and that natural provincialism would be a sounder basis for development than the somewhat expatriated position of the vounger school of Negro writers. And if I were asked to name one factor for the anemic and rhetorical quality of so much Negro expression up to the present, I would cite not the unproved capacities of our authors but the pathetic exile of the Negro writer from his best material, the fact that he cannot yet get cultural breathing space on his own soil. That is at least one reason for the disabilities of the Negro writer in handling his own materials with vivid and intimate mastery.

More and more the younger writers and artists are treking back to their root-sources, however. Overt propaganda now is as exceptional as it used to be typical. The acceptance of race is steadily becoming less rhetorical, and more instinctively taken for granted. There was a time when the only way out of sentimental partisanship was through a stridently self-conscious realism. That attitude stripped the spiritual bloom from the work of the Negro writer; gave him a studied and self-conscious detachment. It was only yesterday that we had to preach objectivity to the race artist to cure the pathetic fallacies of bathos and didactic approach. We are just beginning perhaps to shake off the artifices of that relatively early stage; so to speak the Umbrian stiffness is still upon us and the Florentine ease and urbanity looms just ahead. It is a fiction that the black man has until recently been naive: in American life he has been painfully self-conscious for generations-and is only now beginning to recapture the naivete he once originally had. The situation is well put in a stanza of Mae Cowdery's poem-"Goal,"

I must shatter the wall
Of darkness that rises
From gleaming day
And seeks to hide the sun.
I will turn this wall of
Darkness (that is night)
Into a thing of beauty.

I will take from the hearts Of black men— Prayers their lips Are 'fraid to utter, And turn their coarseness Into a beauty of the jungle Whence they came.

So, in the development of the materials of Negro life, each group of artists has a provincialism to outgrow; in the one case narrowness of vision, in the other, limiting fetters of style. If then it is really a renaissance—and I firmly believe it is, we are still

in the hill-town stage, and the mellowness of maturity has not yet come upon us. It is not to escape criticism that we hold it thus; but for the sake of a fair comparison. The Negro Renaissance is not ten years old; its earliest harbingers cannot be traced back of the beginning of the century; its representative products to date are not only the work of the last three or four years, but the work of men still in their twenties so far as the producing artists are concerned. Need we then be censured for turning our adjective into an affectionate diminutive and for choosing, at least for the present, to call it hopefully "our little renaissance"?



### MY HEART HAS KNOWN ITS WINTER

By ARNA BONTEMPS

A little while spring will claim its own, In all the land around for mile on mile Tender grass will hide the rugged stone. My still heart will sing a little while.

And men will never think this wilderness Was barren once when grass is over all, Hearing laughter they may never guess My heart has known its winter and carried gall.

#### PREMONITION

By ARCADEO RODANICHE

The moon looks like a bleached face against the sun that moves on along the edge of night which ruins the abysmal lands of yesterdays; and as it hovers over the mist of times unborn,—staring at tomorrows—it pales with dread at the sight of the chaos it beholds undergoing gestation in the womb of time yet to come.